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MEDICAL FEE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Requestor Name and Address

COLUMBIA DOCTORS REGIONAL CENTER C/O DAVIS FULLER JACKSON KEENE 11044 RESEARCH BLVD STE A-425 AUSTIN TX 78759

Respondent Name

TPCIGA FOR CREDIT GENERAL

Carrier's Austin Representative Box

Box Number 50

MFDR Tracking Number

M4-99-6059-01

REQUESTOR'S POSITION SUMMARY

Requestor's Position Summary: "The predecessor to rule 134.400 was Rule 42.110(b)(2) which established an interim guideline of '...adjusted billed charges times a ratio of .90'."

Amount in Dispute: \$48,350.11

RESPONDENT'S POSITION SUMMARY

Respondent's Position Summary: "Bills were properly paid pursuant to the per diem rates and other provisions of the 1992 Acute Care Inpatient Hospital Fee Guideline....the Guideline was developed as a reasonable methodology for paying hospitals fair and reasonable reimbursement for acute care inpatient treatment, while aiming for cost containment also mandated by the Texas Workers' Compensation Act. While the Guideline was invalidated as a TWCC rule based upon procedural error in its adoption, the per diem rates and methodology of the Guideline remain a valid measure of a fair and reasonable hospital fee reimbursement."

Response Submitted by: Flahive, Ogden & Latson, 505 West 12th Street, Austin, Texas

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Date(s) of Service	Disputed Services	Amount In Dispute	Amount Due
December 16, 1996 — December 22, 1996	Inpatient Hospital Services	\$48,350.11	\$0.00

FINDINGS AND DECISION

This medical fee dispute is decided pursuant to Texas Labor Code §413.031 and all applicable, adopted rules of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation.

Background

- 1. Former 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.305, effective June 3, 1991, 16 *Texas Register* 2830, sets out the procedures for resolving medical fee disputes.
- 2. Former 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.1(f) effective October 7, 1991, 16 *Texas Register* 5210, sets out the reimbursement guidelines for the services in dispute.
- 3. Texas Labor Code §413.011 sets forth provisions regarding reimbursement policies and guidelines.
- 4. This request for medical fee dispute resolution was received by the Division on December 19, 1997.
- 5. The services in dispute were reduced/denied by the respondent with the following reason codes:
 - F-Reduction according to medial fee guidelines

Findings

- 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.305(a), effective June 3, 1991, 16 Texas Register 2830, requires that "A request for review of medical services and dispute resolution, as described in the Texas Workers' Compensation Act (the Act), §8.26, shall be submitted to the commission at the division of medical review in Austin, no later than one calendar year after the date(s) of service in dispute." The applicability of the one-year filing deadline from the date(s) of service in dispute was confirmed in the court's opinion in Hospitals and Hospital Systems v. Continental Casualty Company, 109 South Western Reporter Third 96 (Texas Appeals – Austin, 2003, petition for review denied). Per 28 Texas Administrative Code §102.3(a)(1), effective January 1, 1991, 15 Texas Register 6747, "In counting a period of time measured by days, the first day is excluded and the last day is included." The request for dispute resolution of services rendered on dates of service December 16, 1996 through December 22, 1996 was received by the Division on December 19, 1997. Review of the submitted documentation finds that the request was submitted more than one year after the date of service. The Division finds that the request for dispute resolution was not submitted timely. The Division concludes that requestor has not met the requirements of §133.305(a). Therefore service dates December 16, 1997 through December 18, 1997 will not be considered in this review. However, the request for dispute resolution of services rendered on December 19, 1996 through December 22, 1996 was submitted in accordance with the timely filing requirements of §133.305(a); therefore, these services will be considered in this review.
- 2. This dispute relates to inpatient hospital services. The former agency's Acute Care Inpatient Hospital Fee Guideline at 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.400, 17 TexReg 4949, was declared invalid in the case of Texas Hospital Association v. Texas Workers' Compensation Commission, 911 South Western Reporter Second 884 (Texas Appeals Austin, 1995, writ of error denied January 10, 1997). As no specific fee guideline existed for acute care inpatient hospital services during the time period that the disputed services were rendered, the 1991 version of 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.1(f) applies as the proper Division rule to address fee payment issues in this dispute, as confirmed by the Court's opinion in All Saints Health System v. Texas Workers' Compensation Commission, 125 South Western Reporter Third 96 (Texas Appeals Austin, 2003, petition for review denied). 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.1(f), effective October 7, 1991, 16 Texas Register 5210, requires that "Reimbursement for services not identified in an established fee guideline shall be reimbursed at fair and reasonable rates as described in the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, sec. 8.21(b), until such period that specific fee guidelines are established by the commission."
- 3. The former Texas Workers' Compensation Act section 8.21 was repealed, effective September 1, 1993 by Acts 1993, 73rd Legislature, chapter 269, section 5(2). Therefore, for services rendered on or after September 1, 1993, the applicable statute is the former version of Texas Labor Code section 413.011(b), Acts 1993, 73rd Legislature, chapter 269, section 1, effective September 1, 1993, which states, in pertinent part, that "Guidelines for medical services fees must be fair and reasonable and designed to ensure the quality of medical care and to achieve effective medical cost control. The guidelines may not provide for payment of a fee in excess of the fee charged for similar treatment of an injured individual of an equivalent standard of living and paid by that individual or by someone acting on that individual's behalf. The commission shall consider the increased security of payment afforded by this subtitle."
- 4. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.305(d)(7), effective June 3, 1991, 16 *Texas Register* 2830, requires that the request shall include "copies of all written communications and memoranda relating to the dispute." Review of the documentation submitted by the requestor finds that the request does not include a copy of medical documentation and explanation of benefits or other written communications and memoranda pertinent to the dispute. The Division concludes that the requestor has not met the requirements of §133.305(d)(7).

- 5. Review of the submitted documentation finds that:
 - The requestor's position statement asserts "The predecessor to rule 134.400 was Rule 42.110(b)(2) which established an interim guideline of '...adjusted billed charges times a ratio of .90'."
 - The Division notes that former Division rule at 28 Texas Administrative Code §42.110(b)(2) is not applicable to the services in dispute. As noted above, the 1991 version of 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.1(f) applies as the proper Division rule to address fee payment issues in this dispute, as confirmed by the Court's opinion in All Saints Health System v. Texas Workers' Compensation Commission, 125 South Western Reporter Third 96 (Texas Appeals Austin, 2003, petition for review denied).
 - The requestor's supplemental position statement asserts that "We believe the evidence unquestionably demonstrates that the charges were fair and reasonable. The analysis shows the Hospital's average charges per case are reasonable as they are similar to the average charges per case for Texas hospitals not affiliated with Columbia/HCA HealthCare Corporation of a similar size (in terms of number of beds) and of a similar locale (in terms of urban or rural areas)... Moreover, you have the affidavit of an officer of the Hospital confirming that the Hospital charged the same amounts for work-related injuries without regard to coverage for the patient. Thus, the Hospital has conclusively proved that its charges in this case were fair and reasonable."
 - Review of the submitted document finds that the data does not support the reimbursement amount sought by the requestor.
 - Regardless of whether the hospital billed its usual and customary charges or whether the charges
 were comparable to charges billed by other hospitals for similar services, no documentation was
 found to support that the amount charged for the disputed services represents a fair and
 reasonable reimbursement for the services in dispute.
 - The Division finds that a reimbursement methodology based upon payment of a hospital's billed charges, or a percentage of billed charges, does not produce an acceptable payment amount. Such a reimbursement methodology would leave the ultimate reimbursement in the control of the hospital, thus defeating the statutory objective of effective cost control and the statutory standard not to pay more than for similar treatment of an injured individual of an equivalent standard of living. It also provides no incentive to contain medical costs. Therefore, a reimbursement amount that is calculated based upon a percentage of a hospital's billed charges cannot be favorably considered when no other data or documentation was submitted to support that the payment amount being sought is a fair and reasonable reimbursement for the services in dispute.
 - The requestor does not discuss or explain how payment of the amount sought would result in a fair and reasonable reimbursement for the services in this dispute.
 - The requestor did not submit documentation to support that the payment amount being sought is a fair and reasonable rate of reimbursement for the disputed services.
 - The requestor does not discuss or explain how payment of the requested amount would satisfy the requirements of 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.1.

The request for additional reimbursement is not supported. Thorough review of the documentation submitted by the requestor finds that the requestor has not demonstrated or justified that payment of the amount sought would be a fair and reasonable rate of reimbursement for the services in dispute. Additional payment cannot be recommended.

Conclusion

The Division would like to emphasize that individual medical fee dispute outcomes rely upon the evidence presented by the requestor and respondent during dispute resolution, and the thorough review and consideration of that evidence. After thorough review and consideration of all the evidence presented by the parties to this dispute, it is determined that the submitted documentation does not support the reimbursement amount sought by the requestor. The Division concludes that this dispute was not filed in the form and manner prescribed under 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.305. The Division further concludes that the requestor failed to support its position that additional reimbursement is due. As a result, the amount ordered is \$0.00.

ORDER

Based upon the documentation submitted by the parties and in accordance with the provisions of Texas Labor Code §413.031, the Division has determined that the requestor is entitled to \$0.00 reimbursement for the disputed services.

Authorized Signature

		December 15, 2011
Signature	Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Officer	Date
	Martha Luevano	December 15, 2011
Signature	Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Manager	Date

YOUR RIGHT TO REQUEST AN APPEAL

Either party to this medical fee dispute has a right to request an appeal. A request for hearing must be in writing and it must be received by the DWC Chief Clerk of Proceedings within **twenty** days of your receipt of this decision. A request for hearing should be sent to: Chief Clerk of Proceedings, Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers Compensation, P.O. Box 17787, Austin, Texas, 78744. The party seeking review of the MDR decision shall deliver a copy of the request for a hearing to all other parties involved in the dispute at the same time the request is filed with the Division. **Please include a copy of the Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Findings and Decision** together with any other required information specified in 28 Texas Administrative Code §148.3(c), including a **certificate of service demonstrating that the request has been sent to the other party**.

Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.